Health Insurance, National Pensions, Nursing Care Insurance, Welfare for the Disabled and Taxes

The Hoten-Nenkin-k a 0595-22-9659

In Japan, you must have health insurance in case of injury or illness.

■Kokumin-Kenko-Hoken (National Health Insurance)

Employees of a company are covered by the company's health insurance (social insurance).

Those who do not have social insurance are enrolled in Iga City's National Health Insurance.

Insurance fee	The insurance tax is determined by the previous
	year's income and the number of family members
	insured.
Hospital	Show your insurance card at the hospital.
Charges	The amount to pay at the hospital will be 20% or 30% of
保険証 ===	your total medical expenses.
200	

■ Koki-Koreisha-Iryo-Seido (Late-Stage Medical Care System for the Elderly)

When you turn 75 years old, you will be enrolled in the "Late-Stage Medical Care System for the Elderly.

You will discontinue your previous health insurance.

Insurance fee	Insurance premiums are determined by the
	previous year's income of the insured person or
	head of household.
Hospital	Show your insurance card at the hospital. The
charges	amount of money you pay at the hospital will be
	I 0% of the total medical expenses.
	(Some people pay 20% or 30%.)

In addition

- If the amount of money you pay to a hospital exceeds the amount determined, a portion of the money will be returned to you.

 (Kogaku-Iryohi: High-cost medical care expenses)
- Money received when a child is born (*Shussan-Ikuji-Ichijikin:* Lump-sum childbirth allowance) and money received when an insured person dies (*Sosaihi*, Funeral expenses) are also available.

In Japan, everyone between the ages of 20 and 59 is enrolled in the National Pension Plan. Those who have paid into the pension plan will receive money when they grow old or are unable to work due to illness or injury.

- For those who work for a company \Rightarrow Kosei-nenkin (Company pension)
- For those who don't work for a company ⇒ *Kokumin-nenkin* (National Pension)

Insurance premiums (Money to be paid.)	 Insurance premiums change every year. If you are unable to pay the premiums, please consult with the nenkin jimusho.
Pension benefits you can receive	 Rorei-kiso-nenkin (Basic old-age pension) Available from the age of 65. Please consult with the pension office. Shogai-kiso-nenkin (Basic disability pension) If you have a disability due to illness or injury, you can receive the pension.
Dattai- ichijikin; a lump-sum withdrawal payment	· In some cases, you may be entitled to receive a lump-sum payment when you have paid premiums for more than 6 months and have returned to your home country without receiving a pension.
Japan Pension Service homepage	· You can view explanations and notices about pensions in various languages.
Where to consult	Tsu Nenkin Jimusho 🖽 059-228-9112 (Automatic voice guidance 1 to 2)

®Nursing Care Insurance (Kaigo Hoken)

All residents of Japan over the age of 40 are covered by nursing care insurance. After you pay a nursing care insurance premium, you can access the services you need by only paying a portion of the cost when you become bedridden or need long-term care. If you wish to use nursing care services, you must apply to the city for certification that you need nursing care.

Where to consult

 Application for nursing care certification and insurance premiums KaigoKoreiFukushi-ka (Elderly care Welfare Division)



0595-26-3939

For problems
 ChiikiHokatsuShien-Center
 (Regional Comprehensive Support Center)

■ 0595-26-1521

Welfare for the disabled

Persons with disabilities and families can consult with the center.

Various services are also available with the "Shogaisha Techo" (Disability ID card).

Where to consult

• About the Disability ID card

Disability Welfare - Division

ShogaiFukushi-k a

3 0595-22-9656

• About problems

Disability ConsultationSupport—Center

ShogaishaSoudanShien-Center

0595-26-7725

②Taxes

Taxes are payments made by residents of Japan to the national, prefectural, and municipal governments. The government, prefecture, or city uses the collected taxes for the benefit of everyone's livelihood.

Income tax	•A tax paid to the government. •If you file a final income tax return, such as when you
	pay a lot of money to a hospital, you may pay less tax.
	Zeimusho (Ueno Tax Office) 🗏 0595-21-0950
Municipal and Prefectural Taxes	 This is a tax paid to the city and prefecture. This tax is paid to the city where you had your address on January Ist. The amount of the payment is determined by the amount of your income received in the previous year. Kazei-ka (Taxation Division) 0595-22-9613
Motor Vehicle Tax•Light Motor Vehicle Tax	•This tax is paid to the prefectural or city government by those who own a car or motorcycle on April 1st of each year. -Prefectural Tax Office Iga-Kenzei-Jimusho (Vehicle Tax)
	Kazei-ka (For light Motor Vehicle) 0595-22-9613
Fixed property tax	•This is a tax to be paid to the city by those who own fixed assets (land, buildings, etc.) on the first day of January every year. *Kazei-ka* (Taxation Division) ** 0595-22-9614*
Paying taxes	•If you do not pay your taxes by the due date, you will have to pay not only the tax but also a late charge. If you are unable to pay by the due date, please consult with us. Prefectural Tax Office Iga-Kenzei-Jimusho (Vehicle Tax) 190595-24-8020 Tax collection-Division Shuzei-ka (Municipal and Prefectural Tax, Light Motor Vehicle Tax, Fixed Asset Tax, National Health Insurance Tax)